

The Messenger.

JACKSON & BELL COMPANY.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as second class matter, April 13, 1897.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
POSTAGE PREPAID.

THE DAILY MESSENGER, by mail, one year, \$7.00; six months, \$3.50; three months, \$1.75; one month, 60 cents.
THE SEMI-WEEKLY MESSENGER (two 8 page papers), by mail, one year, \$1.00; six months, 50 cents, in advance.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 13, 1897.

SOME HOPEFUL SIGNS AS TO NEGROES.

We intended to have noted earlier one example—the first we have seen—of negroes taking counsel together to denounce and cure the crying, awful evil of raping among the bad men of their race. At Houston, Virginia, there recently met the colored Bannister Baptist Association. It adopted resolutions worth mentioning in relation to lynchings. It was admitted that there was alarming increase of this devilishness in the south, and the association pledged "the co-operation of the colored race with the whites in efforts to stamp out the hideous offense and bring the guilty to justice." This is really the first time that any religious gathering of negroes has had a word of complaint or censure of the hellish and brutal rapes, but all have denounced the lynchings of the scoundrels. The negro churches are composed of large memberships in the south. If they would all unite in this work of condemnation of the violence and baseness of their race and stand for purity and safety and social order it could not but avail of good results. The Virginia colored Baptists say of "the infamy" so generally increasing, that it "threatens to create and perpetuate the greatest alienation of the whites and blacks, and it is also destined, if not stamped out by the good and law-abiding citizens of both races, to cause the inoffensive and law-abiding citizens of our own race to suffer in various ways." After this preamble, the resolutions declare that "we stamp our most emphatic condemnation upon any and all of this wretched and infamous class, who have been, or may be, found or known to have committed such an outrage against society, and pledge our willingness to co-operate with the whites to bring to justice any and all who have or may be guilty of such a revolting crime."

Since preparing the above, which was done several days ago, we have met with another incident that is hopeful. In Atlanta there is a negro preacher named H. H. Proctor. He is pastor of a negro church and is a man of evident sense and with a better understanding of the situation than the great mass of negro preachers, Methodist bishops included. He preached to his people lately and in a strain of moderation and intelligence not common with his brethren in the ministry. He is quoted as saying:

"Here in our section we are divided on race lines. Whether we will it or not, the division exists, and wise men accept things as they are and try to make them as they ought to be. The crimes that provoke are generally laid at the door of the black race, while the crimes that retaliate are put to the charge of the other race. If you belong to that race charged with the crimes that retaliate, you should try to create a sentiment against that class of crimes. If you belong to that race charged with the crimes that provoke, you should try to create a sentiment against that class of crimes."

That is the kind of talk that is very greatly needed. The southern press all along has been pointing to the very embarrassing fact that the negro preachers have had only words of fierce denunciation of hanging rapists by mobs and have had no words of repudiation or censure for the black scoundrels perpetrating the devilish deeds of lust and murder. It is a good omen that one preacher among the hundreds of negro preachers in Georgia has set the good example of pointing in reprehension of the crimes of the black race. Has such a voice ever been raised in North Carolina?

The Baptist negro movement, and the most opportune words and good example of preacher Proctor in Georgia, it is to be hoped, are such excellent examples that they will be quickly followed, and that once started the negro preachers will take the matter in hand and do "their level best" to stop the cruel, awful mania for raping white women, and thus put an end to the necessity of lynchings to save the mothers and wives and daughters of the Anglo-Saxons from the horrible assaults of African brutes.

The Springfield (Mass.) Republican, a very conservative paper among New England dailies of its party, copies from Parson Proctor and among other things says:

"He was very interesting. That the black race embraces a class of very low and villainous negroes he candidly admitted. They are a menace to society, the prisons are filled with them. What causes the growth of this class? The industrial situation is one reason, said the preacher, and at this point the white race becomes responsible, too. 'The avenues in which the young people of our race may enter are very few. Many who have talents for higher lines of work are discouraged when they cannot enter the desired field.' Then the ignorance of the class is appalling, and the home life is low and degraded."

The opportunities and "avenues" for the negro race in the south are ten times more numerous than in the north—than in New England. Here they practice medicine, law, teach, preach, are policemen, fill numerous important offices, in this city boss the town, merchandise, keep whiskey shops, work in the various trades, and with white men, and so on. It is all loath what Proctor says here. Pray what sort of excuse can a black man have for assaulting a white woman when he talks in the words of the parson quoted from? Because he cannot do this or that he will take revenge upon some defenceless, noble woman. Out upon such nonsense! The blacks go into high offices in the south. North Carolina has a black man, so called, in the congress. Has the north a member? Where is he from? Boston went into spasms of remorse, dismay and horror because Sambo some how broke into the common council, we think it was.

The Washington Post exercises more judgment, fairness and intelligence in its several discussions of the negroes and rapes included than any other paper published so far towards the frozen regions. In commenting on the Proctor deliverance which it approves of, it said this, and it is at once true and appreciative.

"There is no occasion for despondency as to the future of the black race in the United States. In fact, this country is the one place on earth where that race is making rapid progress. There is an offset of good for almost every evil, and the condition of the seven or eight millions of blacks in America, as compared with that of their brethren in Africa, is most convincing proof that measureless good has resulted from slavery. Of course there are 'low and villainous negroes,' but the number of such is no greater than might reasonably have been expected when 4,000,000 of chatties were transferred into 'freemen and fellow-citizens' without any intermediate course of preparation for the responsibilities and duties of citizenship and sovereignty. The scoundrels who commit 'the crimes that provoke' are but a small percentage of the grand total of colored men, but they inevitably attract more attention from the millions of law-abiding, honest people, who are working for their living and doing their utmost for the education of their children."

The confidence of the people in Hood's Sarsaparilla is due to its unequalled record of wonderful cures.

REJECTED.

Wilmington is favored with several good public schools, that teach through long sessions. That fact may explain why our people took so little interest in the school tax election and so few voted for it. That the people who understand the republican movement in this matter, and the very questionable features of the law under which the election was called, do not mean to trust themselves and their pocketbooks with such a set is made conspicuously manifest. We believe the vote in the state will be a rejection of the scheme. A few scattered townships may go for the special tax and the probability of the fall, but not many as we now suppose. It was in no sense whatever any rejection of popular education. The effort to make that appear was false, slanderous and mean. It was a rejection of more tax now under the great burdens the people are bearing, the stringency of money, the falling for debt and a general mistrust of the fellows manipulating and controlling "the machine."

HOME FOLKS.

We have two historical communications in hand but reserve them until our next Sunday issue. The Messenger is glad to publish original articles that help to a better understanding of the historic events that distinguished North Carolina in the past.

Hurrah! for North Carolina, that leads in many things. If the following is true then this state leads in human profligacy as in many other things, including illiteracy:

"There is a negro man working near Dublin, Ga., who says he is one of forty children by one mother. He says his mother was married four times, and gave birth to twenty-seven boys and thirteen girls in North Carolina, and is yet living."

North Carolina has an early political prophet in the field. He writes himself J. Wiley Shook, and foretells the doom of the McKinley gang. But who is this prophet, this Shook? A great-

A LITTLE SUFFERER

Face, Hands and Arms Covered With Scrofulous Humors—How a Cure Was Effected.

"When five years old my little boy had scrofula on his face, hands and arms. It was worst on his chin, although the sores on his cheeks and hands were very bad. It appeared in the form of red pimples which would fester, break open and run and then scab over. After disappearing they would break out again. They caused intense itching and the little sufferer had to be watched continually to keep him from scratching the sores. We became greatly alarmed at his condition. My wife's mother had had scrofula and the only medicine which had helped her was Hood's Sarsaparilla. We decided to give it to our boy and we noted an improvement in his case very soon. After giving him four bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla the humor had all been driven out of his blood and it has never since returned."

WILLIAM BARTZ, 418 South Williams St., South Bend, Indiana.

You can buy Hood's Sarsaparilla of all druggists. Be sure to get only Hood's.

Hood's Pills cure Liver Ills; easy to take, easy to operate. 25 cents.

er than he, Tom Reed, the congressional star, has given out some such expectation. If the radical gang, state, congressional, national, is not rejected and smitten by the American people, then they have lost their manhood, their sense of right and honor, their patriotism and pluck, and deserve to wear henceforth the yoke put upon them by their task-masters and oppressors.

We must hope that the reports of the vile band operating in some of the eastern counties of North Carolina are exaggerated. If not it is most disgraceful to the state that it is allowed to carry on its most infernal work, the disruption of which is nauseating and horrible. Why the gang has not been "cleaned up" before this is only another evidence of the forbearance and long suffering of North Carolinians. The appeal to the governor should be heeded so far as his legitimate authority extends. To call such a marauding, peace destroying, virtue-assaulting, devil-ordered thing by such a name as "Sanctificationists," is a fearful abuse of a word and a prostitution to base ends of a doctrine taught in God's eternal Word.

The New York Stock Market.

New York, August 11.—The only interruption to the upward course of prices of stocks today was due to occasional profit taking by room traders. The offerings on this account were easily absorbed with only a momentary halt, after which the rise was resumed. During the morning the influence of buying for London account was evident, arbitrage brokers taking all the international shares quite freely. London prices also came higher at the opening; but before the day was over London had turned seller again and it is estimated, sold 25,000 more shares than were bought. This selling had no appreciable effect on prices. The low priced shares of non-dividend payers were lately bought by London and were favorites also in the local speculation, the argument being that such stocks are bound to advance if the promise of better times holds good, and if it does not, they cannot recede far. Union Pacific was the favorite in this class and was the leader of the whole market in point of activity, 51,000 shares being bought during the day. The stock was helped by a revival of an old story that the forthcoming foreclosure sale would make the road a part of a great transcontinental system under one control. The stock was heavily bought by professional speculators for speculative account and closed with a gain of 3 3/4 points on the day.

The excitement in the wheat market was reflected in the stock market and was a large element in encouraging purchases, especially of the granger stocks, the grain carrying roads in the northwest and southwest all showing substantial gains and great activity. The dealings in the high priced grangers were of enormous proportions and the Atchison securities and Northern Pacific preferred were also prominent features. Reports from western points were of increasing demand for wheat, and the price of the grain of the necessity of great exertions on the part of the railroad managers to avert a car famine. Statements of earnings also continue encouraging. St. Paul showed an increase for the first week in August of \$6,225 over last year. For the same period Canadian Pacific gained \$64,000, Missouri Pacific \$54,000 and Kansas and Texas \$12,133. Northern Pacific gained \$133,947 for the last week in July. Louisville and Nashville was active all day, but moved within narrow limits until near the close when it jumped to a leading place in the advance, with a net gain of 2 1/2.

One of the features of the day was the steadying of the sterling exchange market and the consequent cessation of talk of gold imports in the immediate future. The stiffening of the discount rate in London added to the continued heavy sales here of London holdings of securities. Continental exchange continued weak and downward. Gains extended over a point in a large number of railroad stocks and to 10 points in Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis preferred.

The total sales of stocks today were 634,100 shares, including Atchison 7,039, the preferred 43,850, Chesapeake and Ohio 7,335, Chicago, Burlington and Quincy 39,165, Erie (new) 7,461, Illinois Central 7,210, Louisville and Nashville 27,575, Metropolitan Traction 6,005, Missouri, Kansas and Texas preferred 5,640, Northern Pacific 16,359, the preferred 40,220, Ontario 12,000, Reading 26,885, Rock Island 12,616, St. Paul 46,675, Southern Railway 6,217, the preferred 14,610, Union Pacific 52,490, American Tobacco 16,320, Sugar 19,865, Tennessee Coal and Iron 4,882, Western Union 23,180, Chicago, Great Western 33,000. The inquiry for railroad mortgages continues heavy and reflects the increased confidence in the general situation. Issues of re-organized properties for purchases of the middle grade liens were on a large scale. The general market maintained a very strong tone throughout. The aggregate sales were \$4,000,000. Government bonds were slightly irregular on dealings of \$20,000.

Struck by Lightning.

New Orleans, August 11.—A bolt of lightning this morning did considerable damage to the American brewery. It struck the brick work of two immense batteries of boilers by which the machinery of the plant is operated and almost completely destroyed them. One of the boilers was undermined and fell to the ground. The other boiler was not as badly damaged. Dan Marz, was scalded by escaping steam and may die. Pat Maher, a laborer was struck by a brick.

Teacher—"How many bones are there in the human body?" Pupil—"Do you mean before or after one has eaten shad?"—Boston Transcript.

Free Pills.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of Constipation and Sick Headache. For Malaria and Liver troubles they have been proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They are taken by their action, but by giving tone to stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25c per box. Sold by R. R. Bellamy, Druggist.

TUESDAY'S ELECTION.

A MOST TAME AFFAIR ALL OVER THE STATE.

Populists Blaming 'Politicians for Misconduct of the Local Taxation Scheme. New Cotton From Texas Offered Our Mills—Receiver for the Manchester Mills. To Enforce Civil Service in Internal Revenue Department—A Big Blockade Still Captured.

Messenger Bureau, Park Hotel, Raleigh, N. C., August 11.

Governor Russell has advised that in Greene county Judge Allen is trying a man for rape. No particulars are given.

Revenue officers made a raid from here last night and in Granville county, quite near the Wake line, captured a 150-gallon illicit distillery and 1,000 gallons of beer. No arrests were made. The owners of the still are not known.

Cotton in Texas, of the new crop, is offered to dealers and mills here at 8 1/2 cents. The North Carolina mill owners think prices are going to remain high even after the new crop in this state comes in. Cotton is opening now in this county. The crop will be the greatest ever known in North Carolina. It is alleged that there is a plan on foot to buy The Charlotte News and convert it into a populist paper, but it looks like a fairy story.

The school tax election held yesterday was without doubt the dulllest ever known in this state. The Biblical Recorder says the people will hold the politicians to account for not helping carry the election. But really it seems the people themselves cared little about the matter. The election cost at least \$30,000.

Judge McIver appoints Mr. Hunter, of Greensboro, receiver for the Manchester cotton mills in Cumberland county.

The revenue collector has received a strong circular from the treasury department and also one from the commissioner of internal revenue, directing that the civil service rules and regulations be rigidly observed.

The annual meeting of the negro volunteer firemen of the state at Greensboro is said to be quite a success.

Work is in progress on a new knitting mill at New Bern.

The monument at the grave of L. L. Polk in Oakwood cemetery here, is only half complete. The shaft is lacking. The state alliance will try to raise the money to buy the shaft.

The negro holiness preacher, Jones, who was beaten by whitecaps in Oberlin, a village near here, has fled to Durham. Four or five years ago a negro who preached this doctrine left Oberlin for Wilmington, carrying with him seven or eight women, three or four of whom deserted their husbands for him. All of them were good looking women and girls.

The people who are pushing the plan to build a 40-mile electric railway between Morganton and Blowing Rock say they are now sure of success.

Trial of the Torpedo Boat Dupont.

Newport, R. I., August 11.—The torpedo boat Dupont, built by the Herreshoff firm at Bristol, to make a speed of 27 1/2 knots, received her second official trial over a sixty-mile course in Narragansett bay today, during which she made an average speed of 28.58 knots. Although this exceeds her contract requirements, it is not quite up to the trial of the Forter, a sister ship, nor is it as high as that made by the Dupont on a previous trial. This is the third attempt of the boat to make her trial. The first time she broke down while going at tremendous speed. The second time, one week ago today, after speeding over the course for about thirty-six miles her vacuum dropped, making a continuance unavoidable. Today there was again a lack of vacuum but despite this hindrance, the boat made great speed. This trouble with the vacuum is purely a local one and will quickly be obliterated after going into commission.

Convention of City Officials.

New York, August 11.—Columbus, Ohio, has been selected as the place for holding the National Convention of Mayors and Councilmen, which will be held September 28th to October 1st. The programme of the convention will cover all topics of interest to city officials, such as street lighting, garbage collection and disposal, street cleaning, franchise grants, and revenues, paving, sewerage, water supply, fire and police protection, etc.

Death of a Colored Bishop.

Philadelphia, August 11.—James C. Embury, bishop of the African Methodist Episcopal church in South Carolina, died today at his home in this city. He had been in poor health for some time past and during a recent visit to his district in the south he contracted a severe attack of malaria. He returned to his home in this city, but grew rapidly worse until his death today. Bishop Embury was born in Knox county, Indiana, November 2, 1834.

William's Troubles.

The German Kaiser, in his capacity as King of Prussia, has just met with a rebuff from the Prussian Diet, which refused to pass a bill designed to prevent Socialist and Radical mass-meetings, and much desired by royalists. This defeat gives the British news papers an opportunity to read William II many sharp lectures, which they are accordingly doing with great satisfaction to themselves. Perhaps the most galling of all these comments is the hope of the Globe that the Kaiser "may have the wisdom to accept his discomfort with dignity and good temper." Obviously the London press has not forgotten, and does not mean to forget, that provoking telegram of congratulation from Queen Victoria's German grandson to Oom Paul.—From the New York Commercial-Advertiser.

SOUTHERN JOTTINGS.

Texas murderer is to have a brass band at his execution. He should go the whole length and have fireworks in the evening.—Washington Post.

Each inhabitant of Texas will average sixty bushels of corn this year, and there are only about two distilleries in the state.—Galveston News.

A Tennessee paper has started a "Jackass Department" and all the fighting males in the vicinity are animals.—Minneapolis Journal.

HON. W. H. ANDERSON.

Chairman Board of Education, Levy Co., Fla., Cured of Insomnia by Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine.



DR. MILES' RESTORATIVE NERVINE CURES INSOMNIA.

Sleeplessness, fear of imaginary danger or disaster, worry and trouble over insignificant trifles, irritableness, loss of strength and vigor; each or all indicate nervous prostration, which can be prevented or cured by Dr. Miles' Nervine.

That ominous dead pain at the base of the brain, those frequent recurring attacks of headache, nausea, dyspepsia; may be permanently cured if Dr. Miles' Nervine is taken. It restores deranged nerve centers of the brain to their normal condition, builds up the exhausted worn-out nerve tissue, gives strength, brings good health and clearheadedness.

HON. W. H. ANDERSON, Cedar Keys, Fla., writes June 18, '96: "I take great pleasure in adding my tribute to the merit of Dr. Miles' great remedy, Restorative Nervine. Two years ago I had a severe attack of LaGrippe; my recovery was slow, and I was left in a very weak, prostrated condition. My nervous system seemed completely broken up. I suffered for months with insomnia, unable to sleep day or night, though utterly worn out for want of sleep. I fell off in weight from 145 to 118 lbs. I felt that my mind or body, or both, must soon give way under the strain as no remedy seemed to do me

any good. My wife was in a drug store one day discussing my condition and the druggist gave her a sample bottle of the Nervine. She persuaded me to take it and that small vial gave me the first refreshing sleep I had had in four months. I continued the remedy and it acted like a charm. My sleep was natural and refreshing, my appetite good, and in a short time I regained my usual weight, strength and health and have had no trouble since. My restoration to health, I attribute solely to Dr. Miles' Nervine, as I used no other remedy after beginning it. I feel it a duty to make this public as I believe Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine a boon to suffering humanity."

Contrast the above with the following extract from the editorial in the Chicago Evening Journal, Sept. 23, 1896, on the death of Edison Keith. "From insomnia to nervous prostration is a short stage, and from nervous prostration to conditions and symptoms akin to those of insanity is a shorter one. This is a sufficient explanation of the causes that led to the lamentable death by suicide of Edison Keith."

Dr. Miles' Remedies are sold by all druggists under a positive guarantee first bottle benefits or money will be refunded. Book on heart and nerves sent free to all applicants. Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Nervine Restores Health.

BASE BALL.

Baltimore Twice Defeats Brooklyn—Washington Shuts Out Philadelphia—Louisville Takes a Game From Chicago, Which Places her Above Brooklyn.

Boston 7, New York 5.

Boston, August 11.—New York batted Lewis freely for three innings today, scoring four runs in that time. Then Lewis steadied down and did fine work. In the last half of the eighth, on lucky hits by Bergen and Hamilton, aided by errors by Clark and bases on balls, Boston rolled up five runs and won out. Long and Tenny played great ball, the latter having all three put outs in the eighth inning. Two passed balls by Wilson were very costly. Attendance 6,000. The score: Boston 1 0 0 0 1 0 5 —7 7 2 New York 1 3 0 0 1 0 0 —5 9 4 Batteries: Russell and Wilson; Lewis and Bergen. Umpire Lynch and Carpenter. Time 2:10.

Washington, 6, Philadelphia 0. Washington, August 11.—The Phillies played a listless game in the field today and were unable to hit Mercer, while the Senators' connections with the ball were more frequent and to the purpose. La Jole became involved in a quarrel with a by-stander after the game, and descending from the bus, struck him in the head. The players were taken to the police station where La Jole left \$15 collateral for his appearance in court tomorrow to answer a charge of assault. Attendance 1,200. The score: Washington 12 0 1 0 0 1 1 —6 10 1 Philadelphia 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 —0 5 2 Batteries: Mercer and McGuire; Wheeler and McFarland. Umpire Kelly. Time 1:55.

Cincinnati 6, St. Louis 5. Cincinnati, August 11.—The Reds won the last game of the present series today. Although Breitenstein was hit freely he managed to keep them well scattered. Tim Hurst, who was fined \$100 and costs for assault and battery this morning in the police court, officiated as umpire and everything went off nicely. Attendance 2,000. The score: Cincinnati 0 2 2 0 2 0 0 —6 13 2 St. Louis 0 2 0 0 2 1 0 —5 13 2 Batteries: Breitenstein and Peitz; Donahue and Murphy. Umpire Hurst. Time 2:00.

Louisville 5, Chicago 4. Louisville, August 11.—"Dad" Clark pitched his first game for the Colonels today, and, with the exception of the

second and third innings, the Colts could not bunt their hits. The fielding of Wagner, Clingman and Lange was a feature. Attendance 800. The score: Louisville 0 0 0 2 0 2 1 —5 10 1 Chicago 0 2 2 0 0 0 0 —5 15 5 Batteries: Clark and Wilson; Briggs and Kitttridge. Umpire O'Day. Time 2:05.

Brooklyn 3, Baltimore 10. Brooklyn 3, Baltimore 12.

Brooklyn, August 11.—Baltimore won two more games from Brooklyn today. In the first Dunn's curves were knocked all over the lot. Brown, a youngster from Trenton, N. J., was given a trial in the second game. He did fairly well, notwithstanding that he sent four men to base on balls and hit three others during the six innings he was in the box. He was very poorly supported. Attendance 4,266. The score: First game—Brooklyn 1 0 1 0 0 1 0 —3 10 3 Baltimore 1 2 2 1 1 1 0 —15 15 2 Batteries: Dunn and Grim; Hoffer and Clarke. Umpire Emslie. Time 2:05.

Second game—Brooklyn 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 —3 10 4 Baltimore 4 0 0 3 1 1 0 4 —13 14 0 Batteries: Brown, Fisher and Smith; Pond and Clarke. Umpire Emslie. Time 2:06.

Cleveland 12, Pittsburgh 6.

Cleveland, August 11.—The wildness of Hastings and timely hitting by the Indians gave the home team the victory today. The Pirates rallied in the ninth, but the game was lost. Attendance 700. The score: Cleveland 0 3 1 4 3 1 0 0 —12 14 2 Pittsburgh 0 0 0 3 0 0 0 3 —8 10 2 Batteries: Brown and Cregar and Zimmer; Hastings and Merritt. Umpire McDonald. Time 2:10.

Your Boy Won't Live a Month.

So Mr. Gliman Brown, of 24 Mill St., South Gardner, Mass., was told by the doctors. His son had Lung trouble, following Typhoid Malaria, and he spent three hundred and seventy-five dollars with doctors, who finally gave him up, saying: "Your boy won't live a month." He tried Dr. King's New Discovery and a few bottles restored him to health and entitled him to get to work a perfectly well man. He says he owes his present good health to use of Dr. King's New Discovery, and knows it to be the best in the world for Lung trouble. Trial Bottles Free at R. R. Bellamy's Drug Store.

If wisdom is gained by experience, the people of North Carolina should be wise enough to prevent the recurrence of such calamities as the last two legislatures of this state.—Winston Sentinel.